section do not necessarily constitute a complete list.

### § 4.312 Definitions of "normal operation" and "statutory objective".

For purposes of §§ 4.313 and 4.314, the terms "normal operation" and "statutory objective" have the following meaning:

- (a) Normal operation means the operation of a program or activity without significant changes that would impair its ability to meet its objectives.
- (b) Statutory objective means any purposes of a program or activity expressly stated in any Federal statute State statute, or local statute or ordinance adopted by an elected general purpose legislative body.

# §4.313 Exceptions to the rules against age discrimination. Normal operation or statutory objective of any program or activity.

A recipient is permitted to take an action, otherwise prohibited by §4.311, if the action reasonably takes into account age as a factor necessary to the normal operation or the achievement of any statutory objective of a program of activity. An action reasonably takes into account age as a factor necessary to the normal operation or the achievement of any statutory objective of a program or activity, if—

- (a) Age is used as a measure or approximation of one or more other characteristics; and
- (b) The other characteristic(s) must be measured or approximated in order for the normal operation of the program or activity to continue, or to achieve any statutory objective of the program or activity; and
- (c) The other characteristic(s) can be reasonably measured or approximated by the use of age; and
- (d) The other characteristic(s) are impractical to measure directly on an individual basis.

# § 4.314 Exceptions to the rule against age discrimination. Reasonable factors other than age.

A recipient is permitted to take an action otherwise prohibited by §4.311 which is based on a factor other than age, even though that action may have a disproportionate effect on persons of different ages. An action may be based

on a factor other than age only if the factor bears a direct and substantial relationship to the normal operation of the program or activity or to the achievement of a statutory objective.

#### §4.315 Burden of proof.

The burden of proving that an age distinction or other action falls within the exceptions outlined in §§4.313 and 4.314 is on the recipient of Federal financial assistance.

#### DUTIES OF NRC RECIPIENTS

#### § 4.321 Assurance of compliance.

Each NRC recipient has primary responsibility to ensure that its programs and activities are in compliance with the Act and these regulations. Each recipient will sign an assurance of compliance that its programs and activities will be conducted in compliance with all the requirements imposed by the Act and these regulations. A recipient also has responsibility to maintain records, provide information, and to afford access to its records to NRC, to the extent required to determine whether it is in compliance with the Act and these regulations.

## § 4.322 Written notice, technical assistance, and educational materials.

- (a) NRC will provide written notice to each recipient of its obligations under the Act and these regulations, including its obligation under paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) Where a recipient makes available Federal financial assistance from NRC to a subrecipient, the recipient shall provide the subrecipient written notice of the subrecipient's obligations under the Act and these regulations.
- (c) NRC will provide technical assistance, where necessary, to recipients to aid them in complying with the Act and these regulations.
- (d) NRC will make available educational materials which set forth the rights and obligations of recipients and beneficiaries under the Act and these regulations.

#### §4.324 Information requirements.

Each recipient shall: